BIP: A NEW SOFTWARE APPROACH FOR BATCH ANALYSIS OF BIOLOGICAL IMAGES

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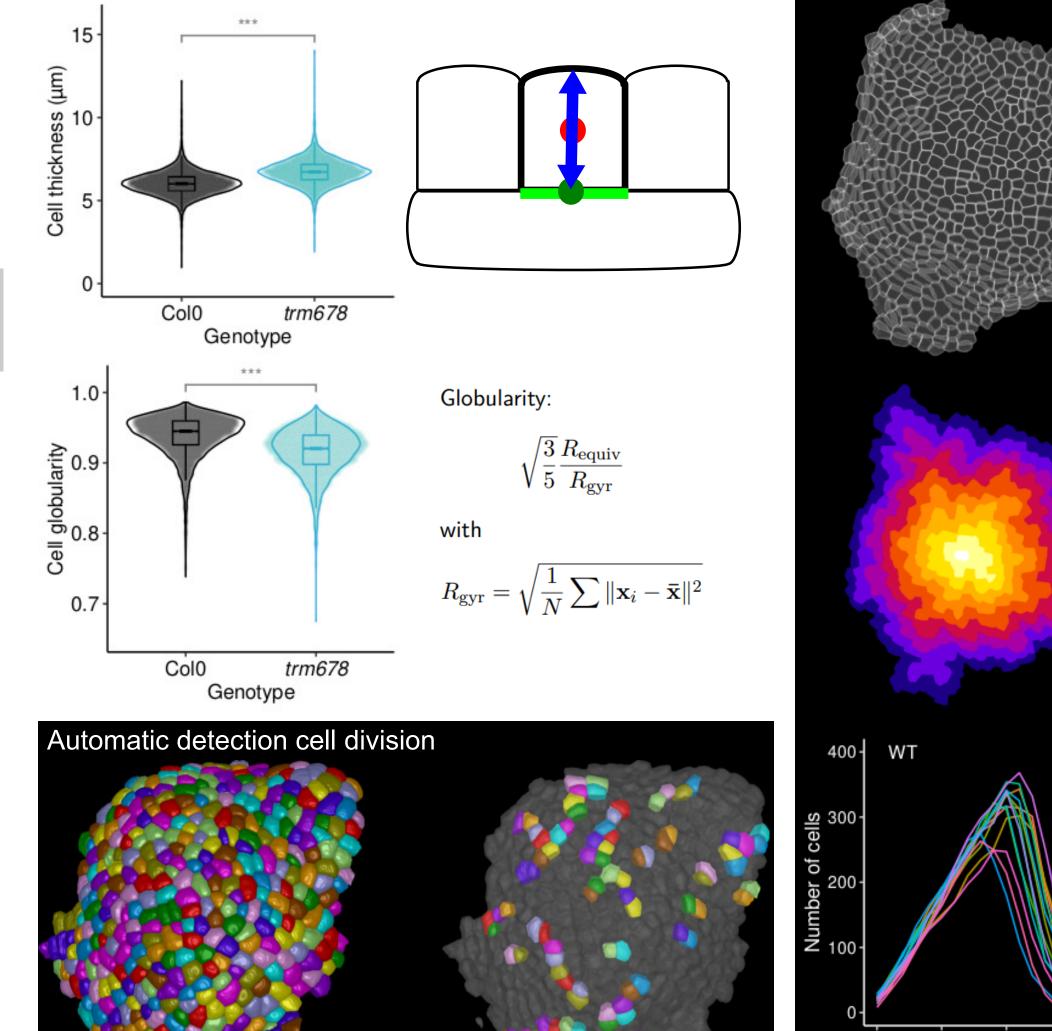
Motivations

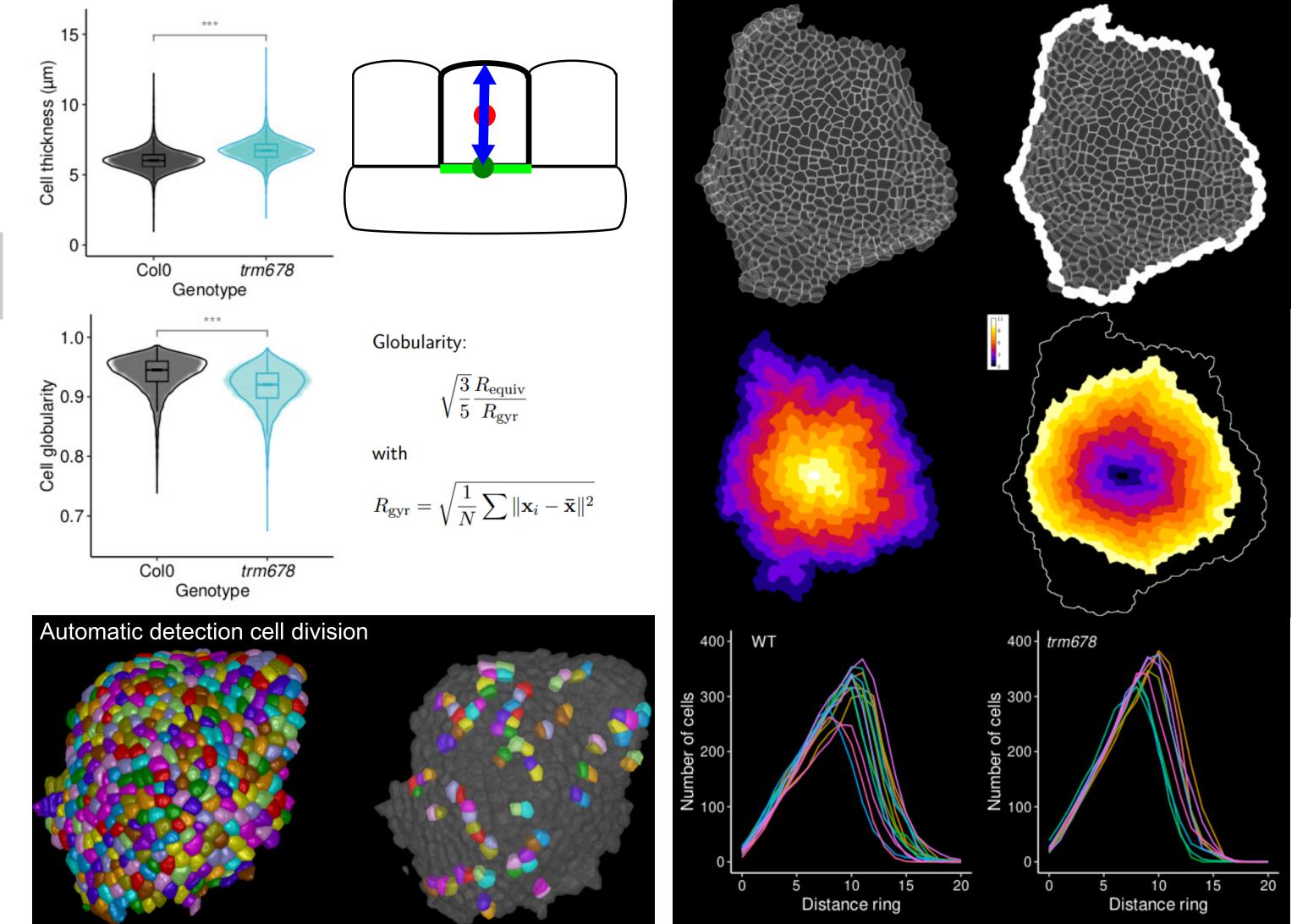
- Overcoming constraints and limitations of existing tools supports all numerical types (from 8-bit to double float precision) supports 2D/3D, multi-channels, time-lapse, and vector images
- Efficient computing and HPC support Generic and optimized operators written in C++
- Easy, reproducible batch processing without programming Minimal, unified syntax to invoke operators and define pipelines
- Simple specification of image sets to be processed Command-line tool benefiting from shell wildcards

Analysis

Bip offers classical and original analysis operators:

- **Photometry:** object intensity histogram descriptors
- **Morphology:** size (volume, area, principal axes) and shape (elongation, globularity, thickness, etc.) measures, interfaces, etc.
- **Topology:** connectivity, cell to cell distances, automated detection of external and fringe labels, division/lineage reconstruction, etc.



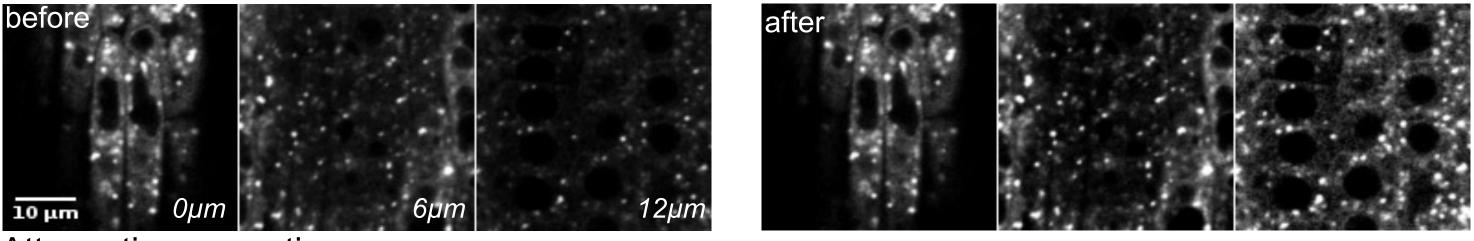


shell\$ bip <operator> *.tif

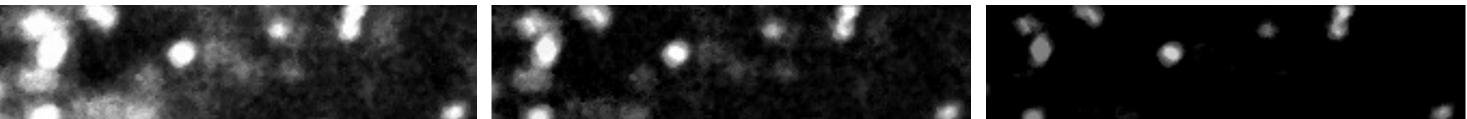
Image processing

Bip offers classical and original processing operators:

- **Pre-processing:** linear, non-linear, and adaptive noise filtering, contrast enhancement, attenuation correction, PlantSeg wrapper, etc.
- Mathematical morphology: (fast) binary and grey-level operators, standard and attribute tophats, reconstruction filters, ASFs, etc.
- Segmentation: classical, marker-based, and auto-seeded watersheds, thresholding (Otsu, Hats, ...), gradients, etc.



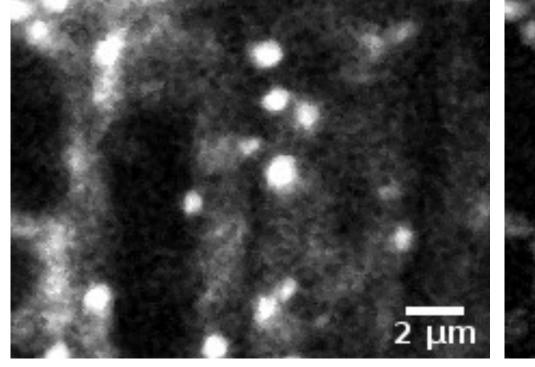
Attenuation correction



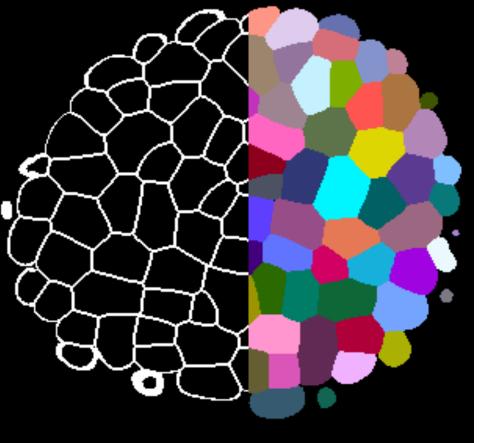
• Available on N images, 2D/3D, with K channels, T timepoints • Results can be directly imported into R, Excel, etc.

Batch processing

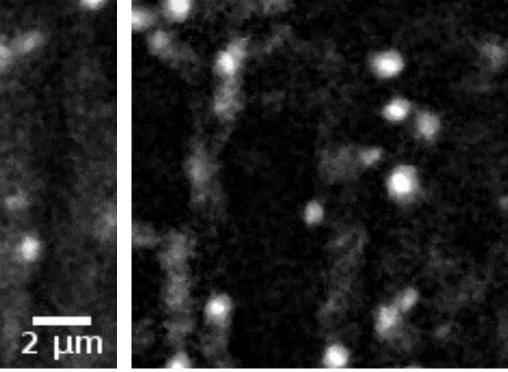
2 µm



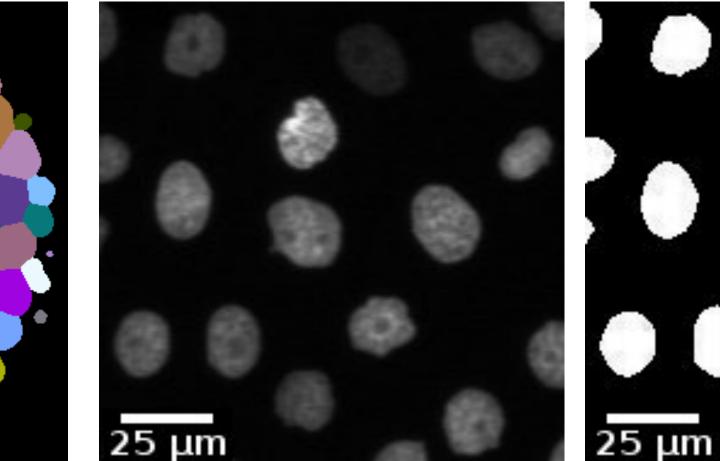
Input



Watershed



Top Hat



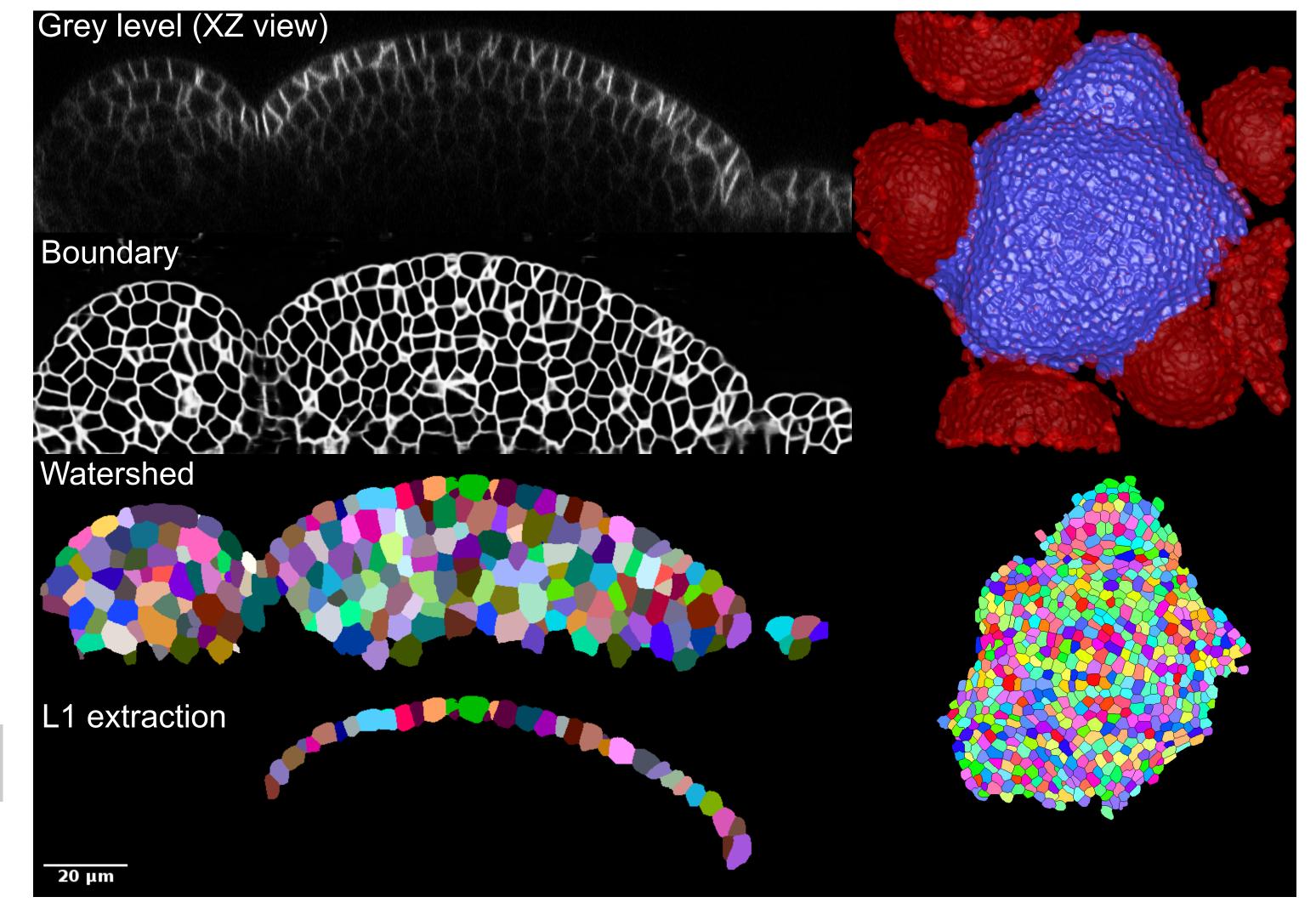
Homogeneous Attribute Threshold Selection

2 µm

Size Top Hat

Conclusion

 Batch processing of large numbers of multi-dimensional images • Combines simplicity, efficiency, robustness and reproducibility Algorithmic processes and data are completely separated • Large number of operators (>130) in constant evolution



Acknowledgements

We thank Chie Kodera, Magalie Uyttewaal and David Bouchez (IJPB, INRAE Versailles) for providing time-lapse 3D confocal images of *Arabidopsis thaliana* meristems.





Automated extraction of meristematic dome layer 1

Text file *dome.txt*:

plant-seg h-watershed 0.12 store %image zmap store %zimage h-watershed 12 select largest store %largest recall %zimage mask %largest store %ref recall %image izmap %ref label-reconstruction %image

shell\$ bip pipeline dome.txt *.tif

